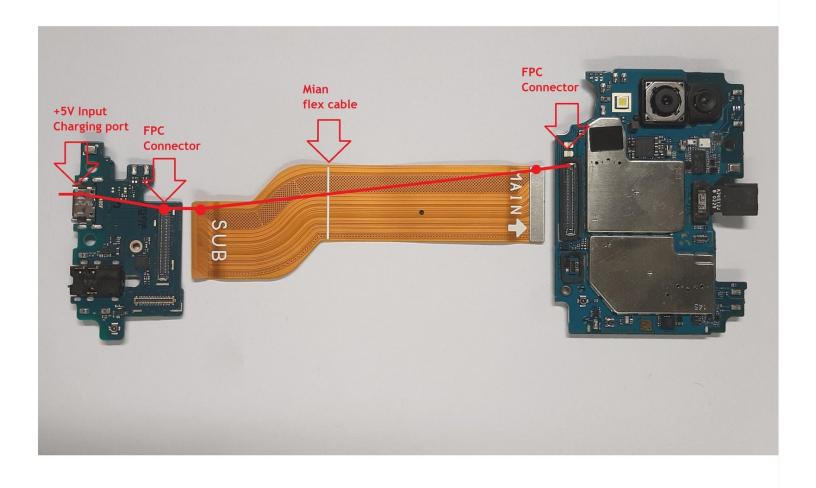


How to diagnose Samsung Galaxy A40 Charging Problems

This guide will help you diagnose the Samsung...

Written By: ZFix

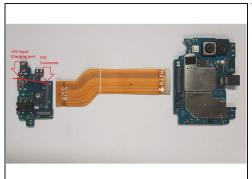


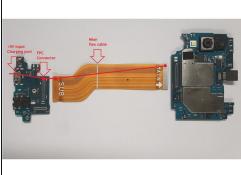
INTRODUCTION

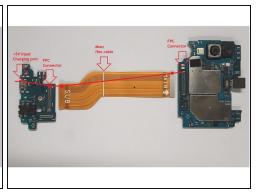
This guide will help you diagnose the Samsung Galaxy A70, Samsung Galaxy A50, and the Samsung Galaxy A20. This guide might also work for other Samsung models.

[video: https://youtu.be/Xvs7PFzbfOs]

Step 1 — +5V line







This is the +5V line from the Charging port to the Motherboard.

Step 2 — Back cover removal.







- Warm the device to soften the adhesive.
- Use Sanction cup, Plastic tools and isopropyl alcohol.
- Remove the silver Phillips screws from the device's frame.

Step 3 — Fingerprint sensor





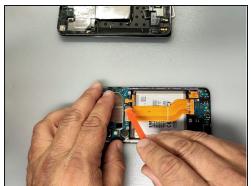


- Remove the plastic cap from the Fingerprint flex cable connector and disconnect the cable.
- Remove the SIM Tray.

${\bf Step~4-Middle~frame~removal}$







- Use a plastic tool to separate the back cover from the frame. Start from the SIM tray hole.
- i Disconnect the battery.

Step 5 — Measurement

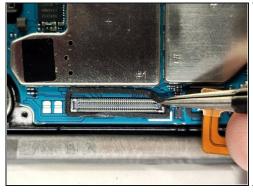


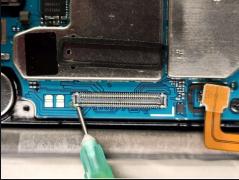


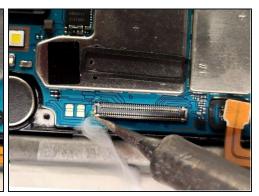


- Disconnect the main flex cable and connect the charger.
- Use a multimeter to measure the voltages at the large end pins of the FPC connector of the charging board. (See the second image)
 - If the reading is okay (~5V) continue with the next step, if not change the Charging board.
- Attach the main flex cable and measure the large end pins of the Main flex FPC connector - pic.3.
- If the reading is okay, continue with the next step, if not change the Main flex cable.

Step 6







- Remove the adhesive rubber around the main flex connector on the logic board.
- Use some flux and a soldering iron to re-solder the first pin of the motherboard FPC.

To reassemble your device, follow these instructions in reverse order.